# Routing Security Roadmap

Job Snijders NTT Communications job@ntt.net

This presentation contains projections and other forward-looking statements regarding future events or our future routing performance. All statements other than present and historical facts and conditions contained in this release, including any statements regarding our future results of operations and routing positions, business strategy, plans and our objectives for future operations, are forward-looking statements (within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). These statements are only predictions and reflect our current balliefe and events and events are done and events and events and events are only predictions.

# Why are we doing any of this?

- Creating filters based on public data, forces malicious actors to leave a trail in IRR, WHOIS or other data sources: **auditability**
- **Bugs happen!** your router may suddenly ignore parts of your configuration, you'll then rely on your EBGP peer's filters
- Everyone makes mistakes a typo is easily made

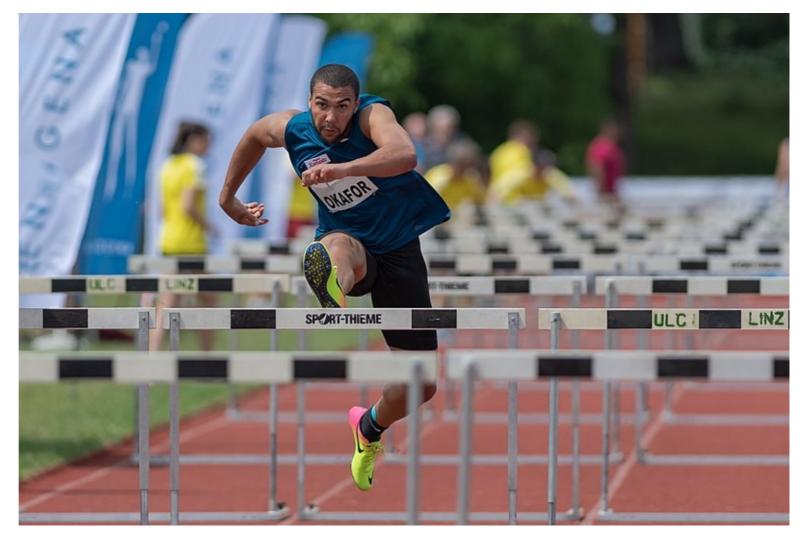
### Average view on routing security



# Perception: it is hopeless, too many holes..



# But really, there is a only a **finite** amount of hurdles...



# Exhaustive list of issues in the current ecosystem

- IRRdb / database inaccuracy (stale, autopiloted, non-validated)
- IXPs not filtering
- Lack of Path Validation
- Lack of sufficient and good enough software

# IRR – what is broken what can be fixed?

- Some IRRdbs do not perform validation
  - Meaning that virtually anyone can create virtually any route/route6 object and sneak those into the prefix-filters
- Eleven relevant IRRs not validating: RIPE, NTTCOM, RADB, ALTDB, ARIN IRR, BBOI, BELL, LEVEL3, RGNET, TC, CANARIE
- Two solutions:
  - Lock the database down (RIPE / RIPE-NONAUTH)
  - Filter on the mirror level

# RIPE NWI-5 proposal & implementation

- RIPE NCC's IRR previously allowed anyone to register any non-RIPEmanaged space if it had not yet been registered. \*DANGER\*
- The "RPSL" password & maintainer was used for this

SOLVED

Three steps were taken:

- Cannot register non-RIPE-managed space any more
- All non-RIPE space moved to separate "RIPE-NONAUTH" database
- Route/route6 ASN authorization rules have been improved

More info: https://www.ripe.net/manage-ips-and-asns/db/impact-analysis-for-nwi-5-implementation

### OK – so current status

- Ten relevant IRRs not validating: NTTCOM, RADB, ALTDB, ARIN IRR, BBOI, BELL, LEVEL3, RGNET, TC, CANARIE
- Done: RIPE

# ARIN IRR allows anyone to register anything

hanna:~ job\$ <b>wh</b>	ois -h rr.arin.net 2001:67c:208c::
% This is the ARIN Routing Registry.	
% Note: this output has been filtered.	
% To rece	ive output for a database update, use the "-B" flag
<pre>% Information related to '2001:67c:208c::/48AS15562'</pre>	
route6:	2001:67c:208c::/48
descr:	2001:67c:208c::/48 - Job's net
remarks:	Job asked me to steal his net. Honest!
origin:	AS15562
mnt-by:	MNT-ATTW-Z
source:	ARIN # Filtered

# ARIN community also recognized this is an issue

- Consultation at <u>NANOG</u> and through <u>ARIN-Consult</u> mailing list
- <u>https://www.arin.net/vault/resources/routing/2018\_roadmap.html</u>
- <u>https://teamarin.net/2018/07/12/the-path-forward/</u>

### "Improve, or kill it"



### OK – so current status

- Nine relevant IRRs not validating: NTTCOM, RADB, ALTDB, BBOI, BELL, LEVEL3, RGNET, TC, CANARIE
- Done: RIPE, ARIN IRR
- How to deal with the remaining nine .... ?
- Not all of these are so easily communicated with, not all are really actively managed

## Using RPKI to clean up the IRR

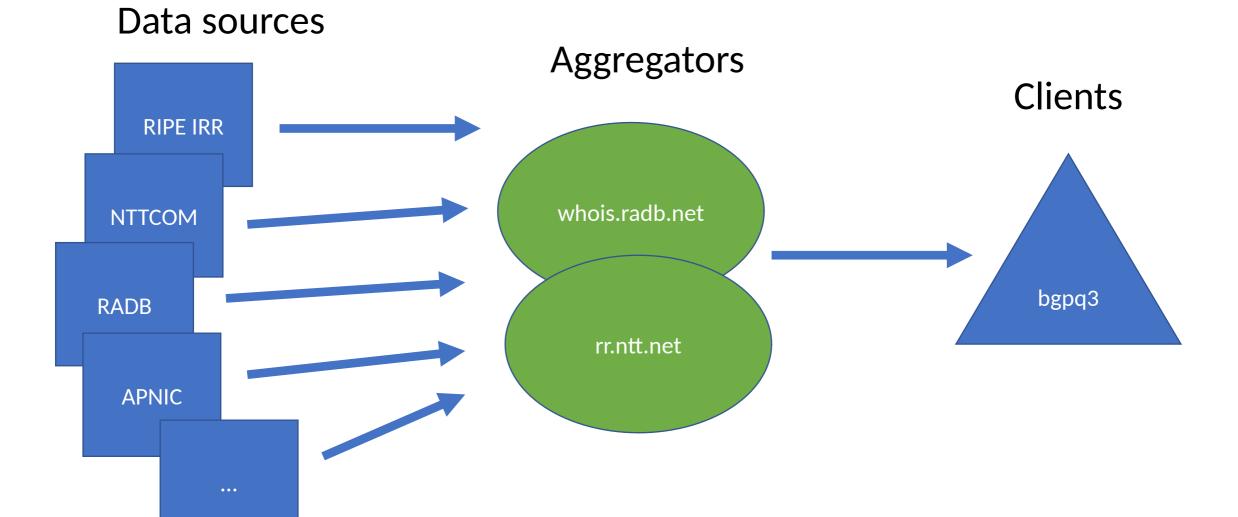


## The "IRR" system access

- The IRR is access through predominantly two "gateways"
  - whois.radb.net (the bgpq3 and peval default)
  - rr.ntt.net
- All mirroring is essentially done with one software: <u>IRRd</u>

Solution: Let's use the hegemonic duopoly for good!

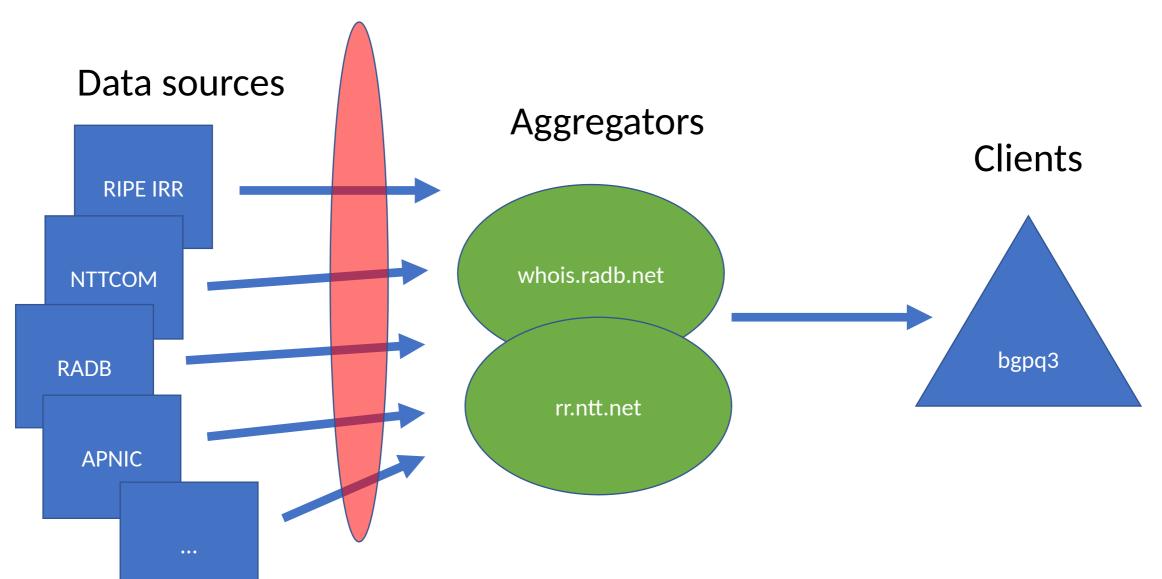
# Improving security at the "aggregator"?



# Proposal: Let RPKI "drown out" conflicting IRR

- RPKI can be used for BGP Origin Validation but also for other things!
- A RPKI ROA is sort of a route-object
  - It has a "prefix", "origin" and "source" (the root)
  - We can use RPKI ROAs for provisioning BGP prefix-filters
- Extend IRRd so that when IRR information is in direct conflict with a RPKI ROA the conflicting information is suppressed (<u>Github</u>)

### **RPKI** filter at the aggregators



# How are IRR and RPKI different?

- IRR route/route6 objects are statements:
  - About what Prefix/Origin ASN combinations can exist
  - Not necessarily made by the owner of the resource
  - Doesn't tell us anything about the validity of other route objects, or other nonmatching BGP announcements
  - Unsuitable for filtering your upstream, OK-ish for peers and downstreams
  - Not exclusive
- RPKI on the other hand:
  - Objects are only created by resource holders
  - RFC 6811 is game changer RPKI based BGP Origin Validation allows for nonauthorized BGP announcements to be rejected
  - Exclusive

## RPKI suppressing conflicting IRR advantages

- Industry-wide common method to get rid of stale proxy route objects – by creating a ROA you hide old garbage in IRRs
- By creating a ROA you will significantly decrease the chances of people being able to use IRR to hijack your resource

## OK – so current status

• IRRs not validating: no longer relevant



 Done: RIPE, ARIN IRR, NTTCOM, RADB, ALTDB, BBOI, BELL, LEVEL3, RGNET, TC, CANARIE



NTT & Dashcare have started a full rewrite of IRRd to make this possible: <a href="https://github.com/irrdnet/irrd4">https://github.com/irrdnet/irrd4</a>

# "Filtering at IXPs is hard"



- Many IXPs have come to realize their responsibilities to the Internet ecosystem and the commercial benefits of a more secure product.
- <u>http://peering.exposed/</u>
  - 9 out of top 10 IXPs are filtering, tenth will later this year. **IX.br** making good progress
- IXP filtering has become much easier, there are multiple fully featured configuration generators:
  - <u>https://www.ixpmanager.org/</u> version 5 has RPKI support!
  - <u>http://arouteserver.readthedocs.io/</u>

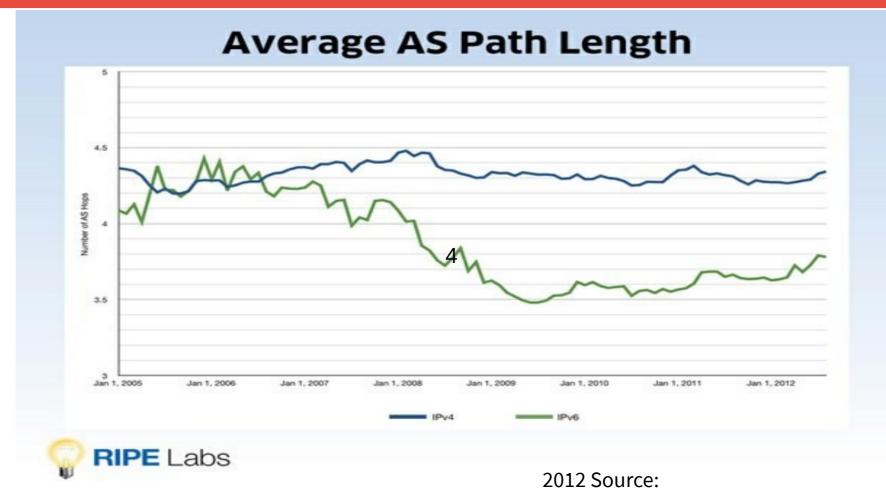
## Not everyone needs to do RPKI

- Because of the centralization of the web, if a select few companies deploy RPKI Origin Validation – millions of people benefit
- (google, cloudflare, amazon, pch/quad9, facebook, akamai, fastly, liberty global, comcast, etc...)
- I think only 20 companies or so need to do Origin Validation for there to be big benefits...
- <u>https://dyn.com/blog/bgp-dns-hijacks-target-payment-systems/</u>

### Issue: "RPKI Origin Validation is useless without Path Validation aka BGPSEC...

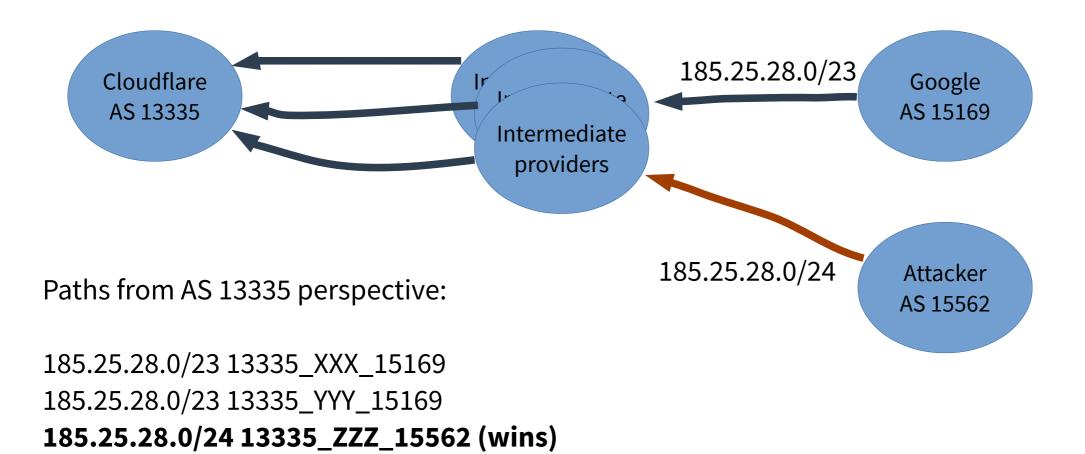


### The internet keeps connecting directly

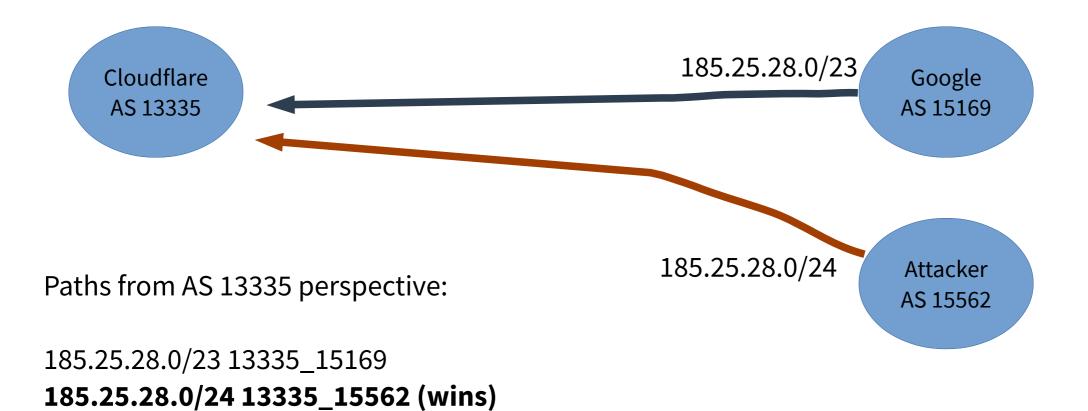


https://labs.ripe.net/Members/mirjam/update-on-as-path-lengths-over-time

#### Hijack / misconfiguration scenario



### Hijack / misconfiguration scenario – direct peering



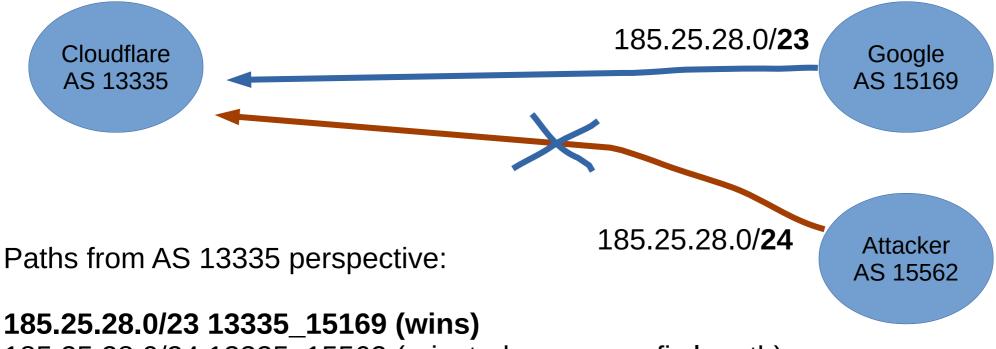
#### **Enter RPKI ROAs**

Prefix:1Prefix description:GCountry code:COrigin AS:1Origin AS:1Origin AS Name:GRPKI status:RMaxLength:2First seen:2Last seen:2Seen by #peers:4

185.25.28.0/23 Google CH 15169 GOOGLE - Google LLC, US **ROA validation successful** 23 2016-01-08 2019-02-26 40

### Hijack / misconfiguration scenario – RPKI ROA

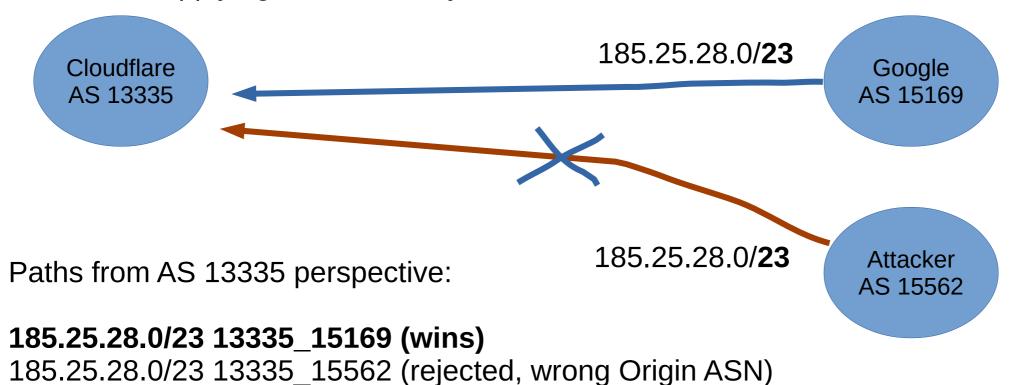
Cloudflare applying "invalid == reject"



185.25.28.0/24 13335\_15562 (rejected, wrong prefix length)

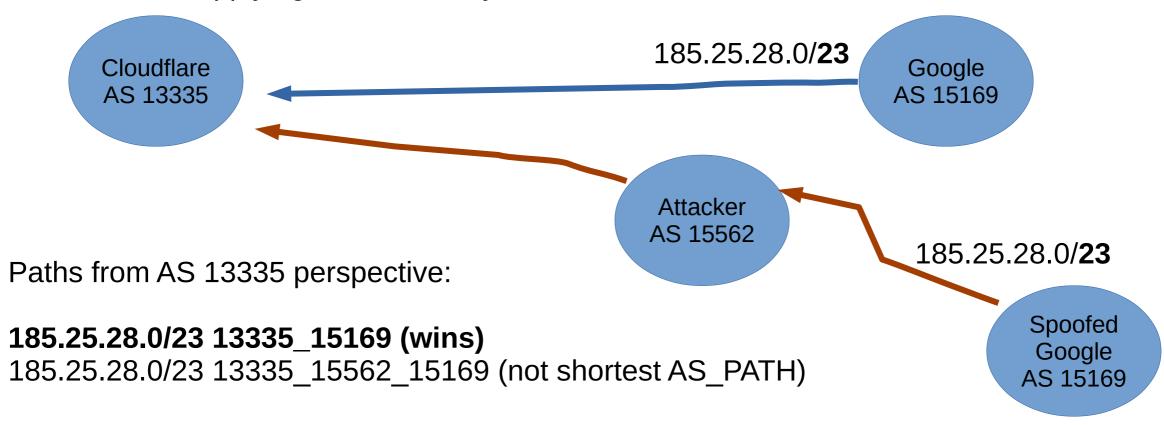
#### Change of tactics: announce same prefix

Cloudflare applying "invalid == reject"



#### **Change of tactics: spoof origin – NOT EFFECTIVE!**

Cloudflare applying "invalid == reject"

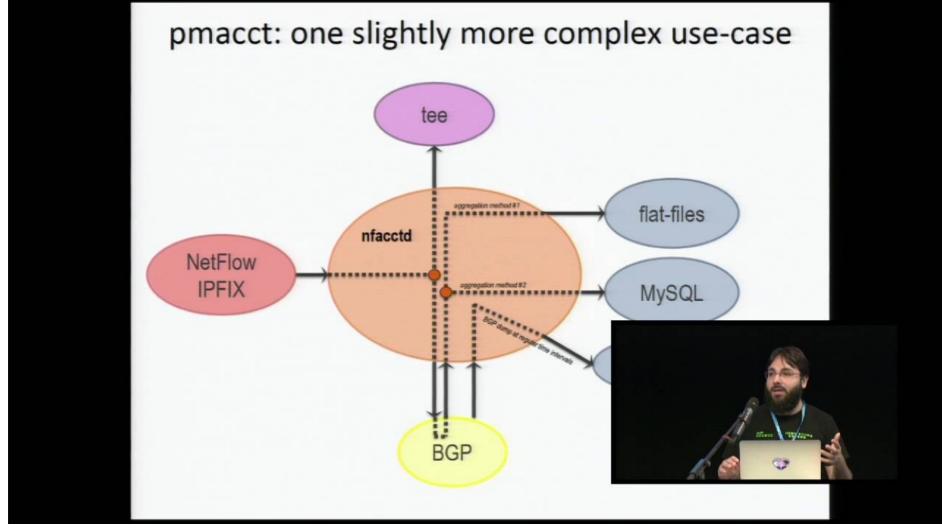


# "There is no healthy software ecosystem"

- RIPE NCC Validator v3 is works and actively maintained
- NLNetlabs is released a RPKI Cache Validator (Routinator 3000)
- Dragon Research RPKI Toolkit
- RPSTIR
- OpenBSD is looking to fund a third validator implementation
- Almost all serious routing vendors have RPKI support (Cisco, Juniper, BIRD, Nokia, FRR and more are on the way)
- Solution: more users results in better software, start using!

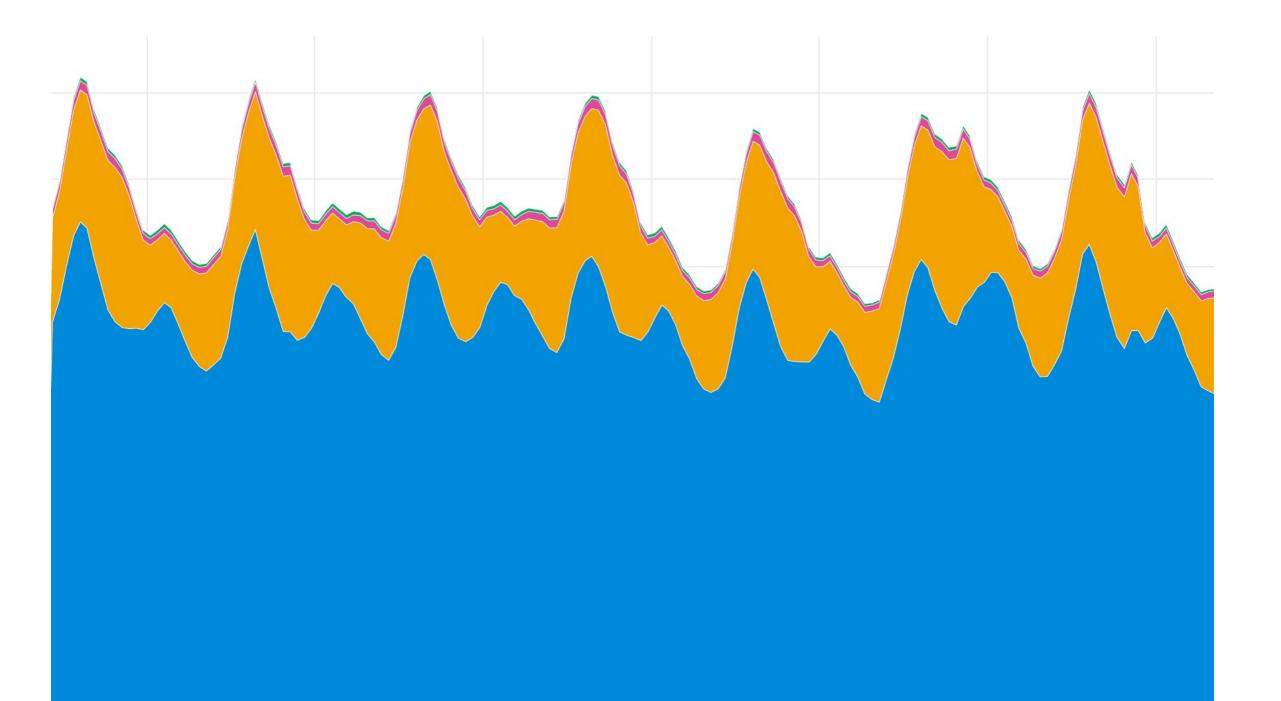


### RPKI based traffic analysis with pmacct



## **Pmacct RPKI capabilities**

- RFC 6811 Origin Validation procedure is applied
- Mark traffic based on ROA status, without deploying RPKI in your network
- This helps us understand the effects of dropping RPKI Invalid announcements
- Version 1.7.3 https://github.com/pmacct/pmacct



## Timeline

- All ISPs, create <u>RPKI ROAs</u> now it's easy!
- IXPs start doing RPKI Origin Validation on your route servers **now**
- In 2019 RPKI data will be used to clean up IRR
- Hopefully the ARIN RPKI TAL situation will improve

# Deployment update

- Cloudflare
- YYCIX

YYCIX Crigary Internet Exchange @yycix

Following

Good news! On Oct 7, the **#YYCIX** route servers started filtering prefixes which are RPKI ROA invalid. We are among the leaders in performing this validation -- probably the first **#IXP** in North America!

8:58 PM - 7 Oct 2018





**Jerome Fleury** @Jerome\_UZ

As of today, 75% of the @cloudflare PoPs (116/155) have RPKI strict validation enabled on all peering sessions. That's about 17,000 RPKI enabled peerings. Great work from @lpoinsig!



#### RPKI and BGP: our path to securing Internet Routing

This article will talk about our approach to network security using technologies like RPKI to sign Internet routes and protect our users and customers from route hijack... blog.cloudflare.com

2:35 AM - 20 Dec 2018 from San Francisco, CA

48 Retweets 141 Likes



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Following

# **RPKI** Deployment

- AT&T rejects invalids on peering sessions
- Nordunet rejects invalids on all EBGP sessions
- KPN / 286 rejects invalids on customer sessions
- Seacomm & Workonline will drop invalids per April 2019
- INEX
- AMS-IX
- DE-CIX
- France-IX
- Netnod (soon!)

### Conclusion

