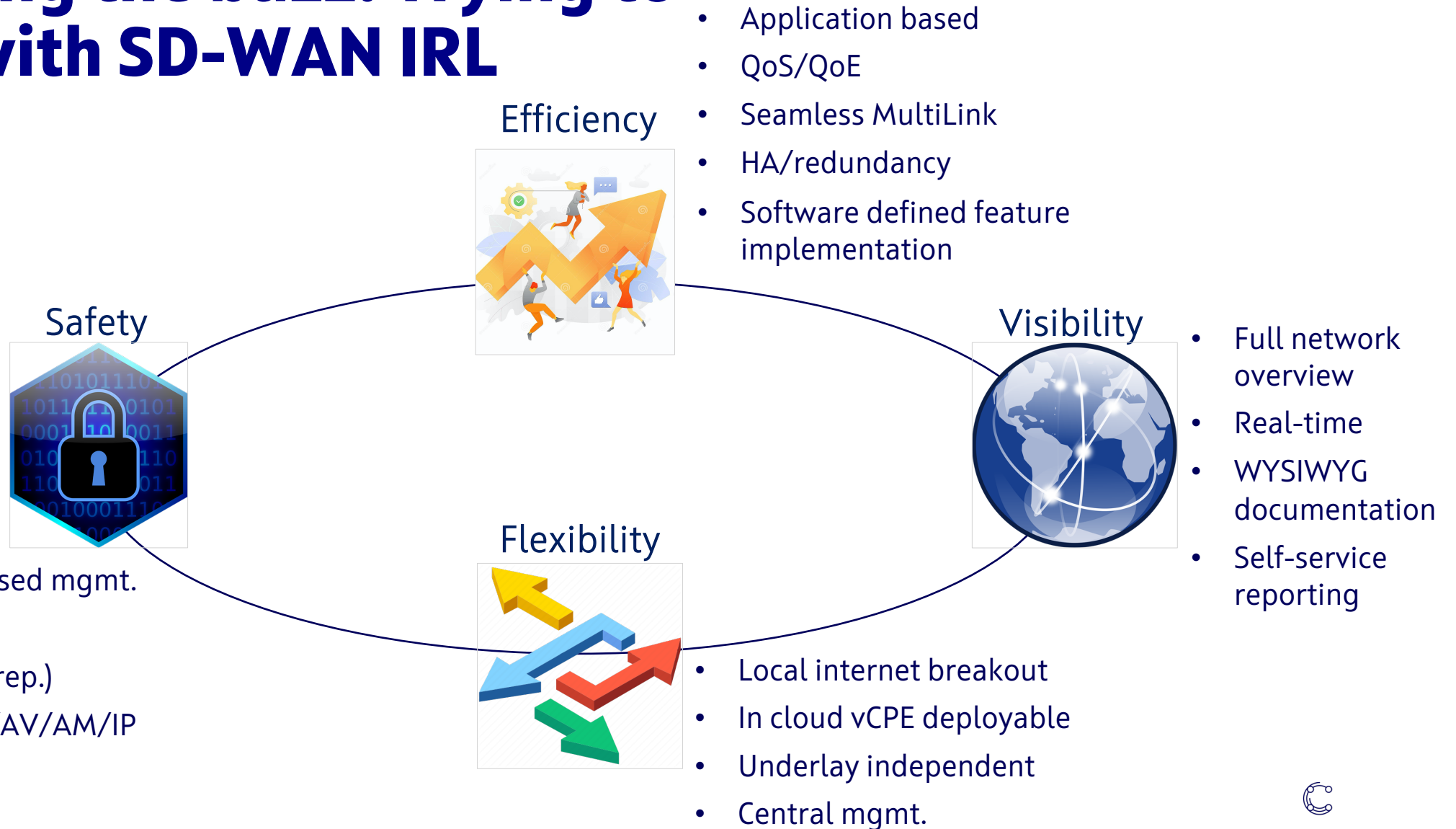
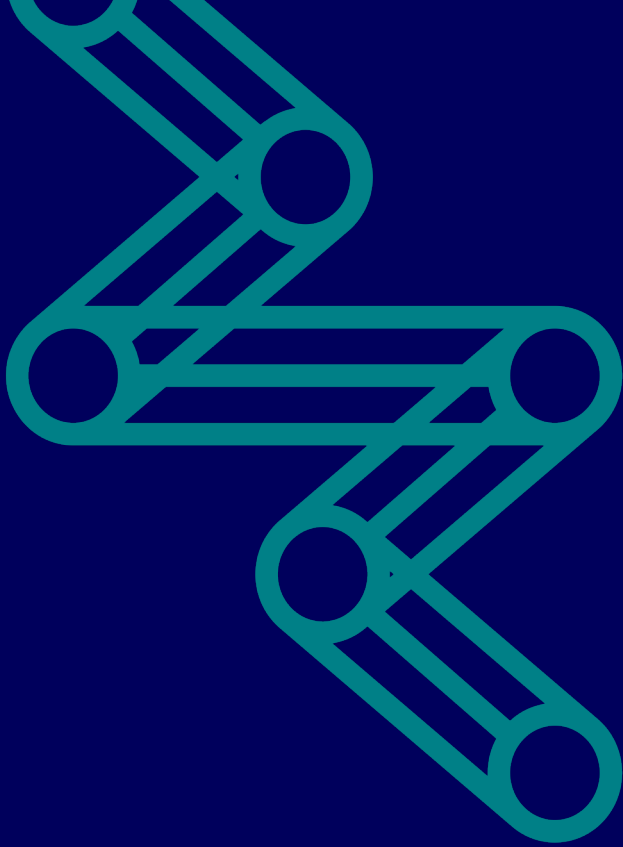


# Deciphering the buzz: Trying to succeed with SD-WAN IRL



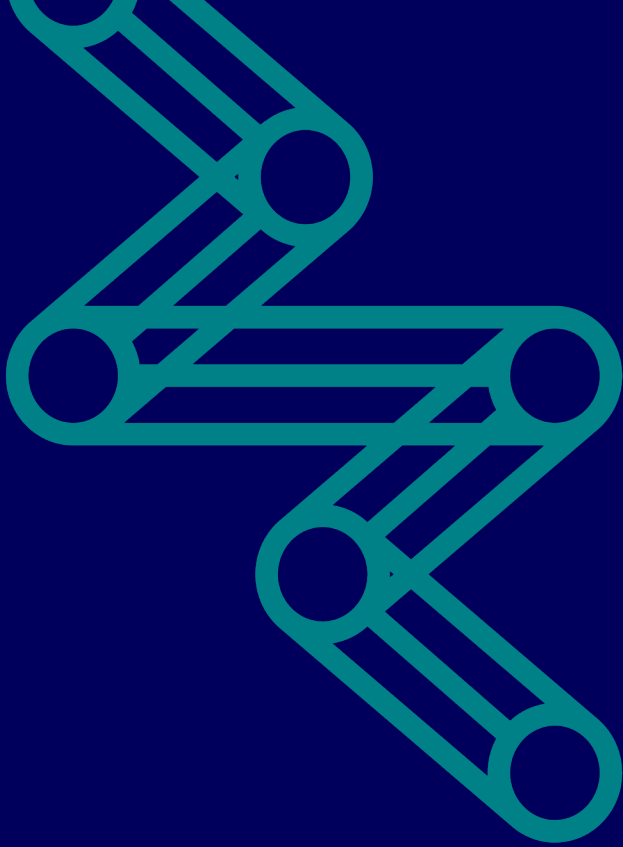


# SD-WAN RFI/-Q/PoC learnings

## Feature differentiators

- Remember the assumed basics: NAT, SF FW/SPI, VRRP/BGP, Multicast, ...
- And the future basics: IPv6
- Security, security, security: MFA, RBAC, tunnel SHA/AES auth/enc, key rotation, segmentation, NG/UTM FW, ...
- Provisioning process (more on that later)
  
- 3 periphery focuses (none does it all - yet)
  - NG/UTM FW (security)
  - SD-LAN/WiFi (branch)
  - SDN (data center)



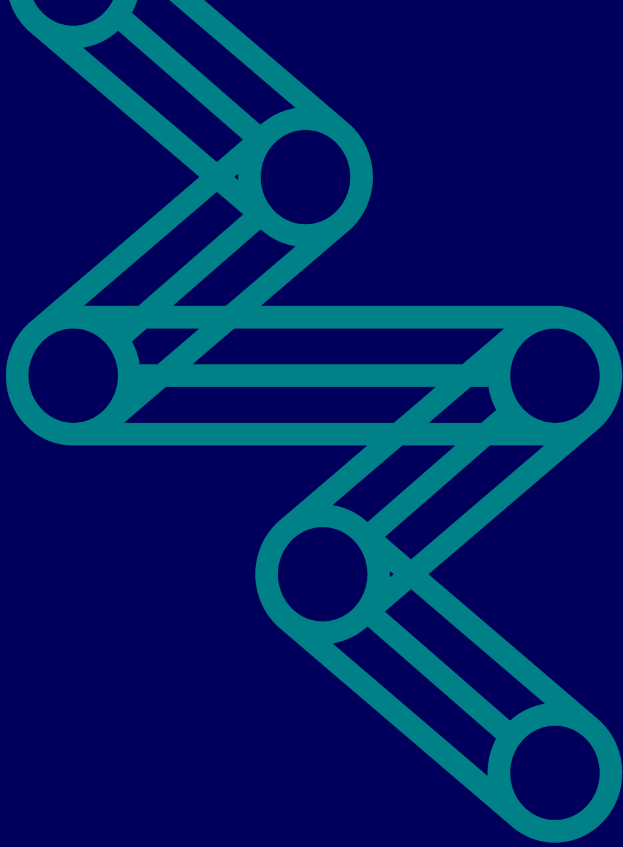


# SD-WAN RFI/-Q/PoC learnings

## SD-WAN technology economics

- Software license based price model:
  - Feature tiers
  - Speed tiers (consumed! vs. provisioned, site vs. solution)
  - (No link speed relation)
- CPE schemes: Vendor lock-in vs. support
  - Branded: Hard & high
  - Certified 3rd party: Some & some
  - DIY white label: None & none
  - (Combinations of above)
- VNF service chaining – more fuzz than reasonable TCO



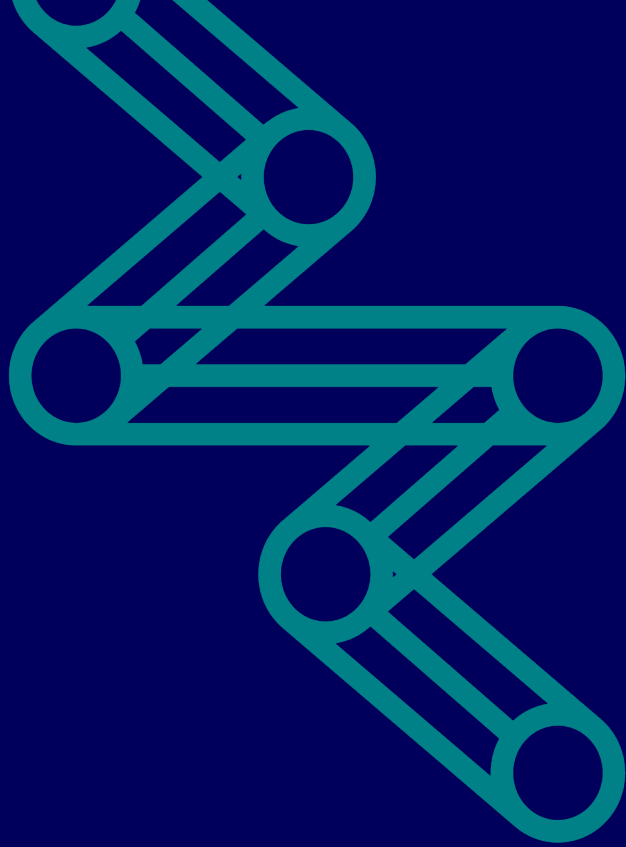


# SD-WAN RFI/-Q/PoC learnings

## High level differentiators

- Existing synergies
- Brand recognition
- Feature qualification
  - NG/UTM FW vs. SD-LAN/WiFi vs. SDN
- CPE scheme
- CPE logistics & support
- CPE performance
- Multi-tenancy (mgmt. and CPE)
- Role integration (operator vs. customer)
- Feature integration (native vs. assembled solutions)
- Competing reseller channels (DYI vs. SI vs. SP)
- Local ressource presence



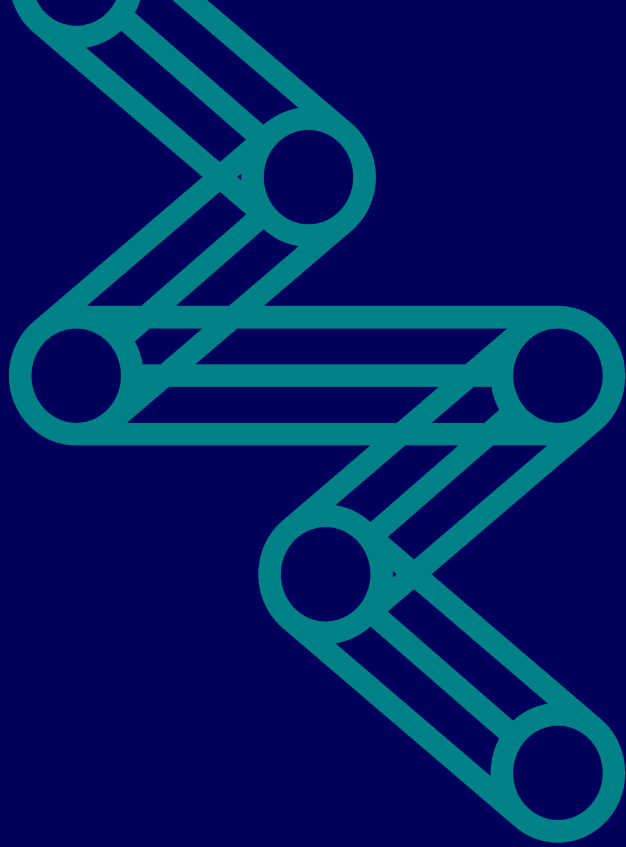


# SD-WAN RFI/-Q/PoC conclusions

How to nail it:

- In reality no acknowledged industry standard (vendor sales do not care about MEF/ONUG)
- You need to decide and prioritise your requirements:
  - No matter your role/segment
  - Features vs. use cases
  - Features vs. TCO
  - Control vs. risk mgmt.
  - DIY vs. managed
- It's still somewhat new higher risk technology





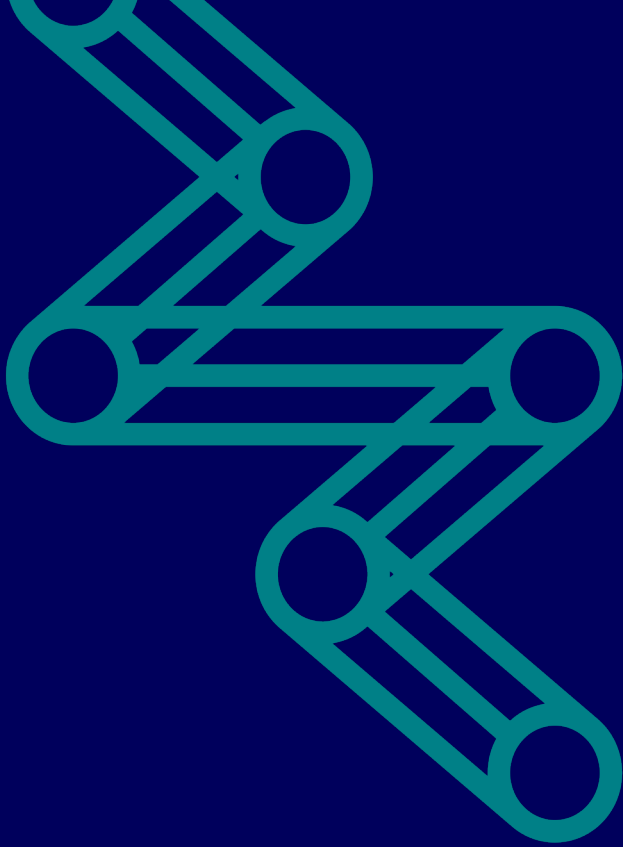
# SD-WAN RFI/-Q/PoC conclusions

GlobalConnect's chosen preferences:

... for providing (co-)managed SD-WAN

- Versa Networks
- Feature qualification
  - Full WAN + NG/UTM FW security
- CPE scheme (combined branded & certified options)
- CPE performance
- Multi-tenancy (mgmt. and CPE)
- Role integration
- Feature integration
- Competing reseller channels (not competing with SI's)
- TCO (of course)





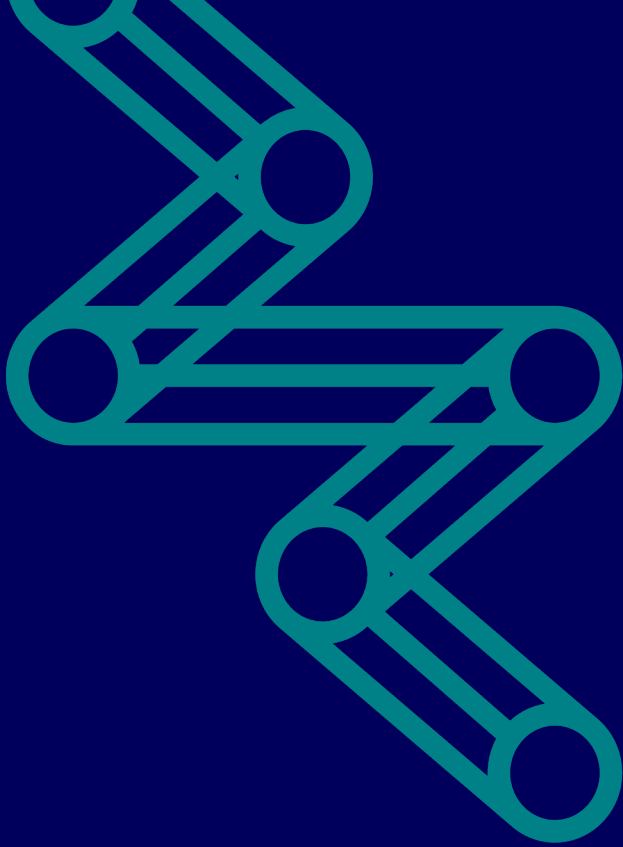
# SD-WAN RFI/-Q/PoC conclusions

What did we miss out on:

... For now at least

- SD-LAN/WiFi (and SDN)
- Existing synergies
- Brand recognition
- CPE logistics & support
- Local resource presence
- ...



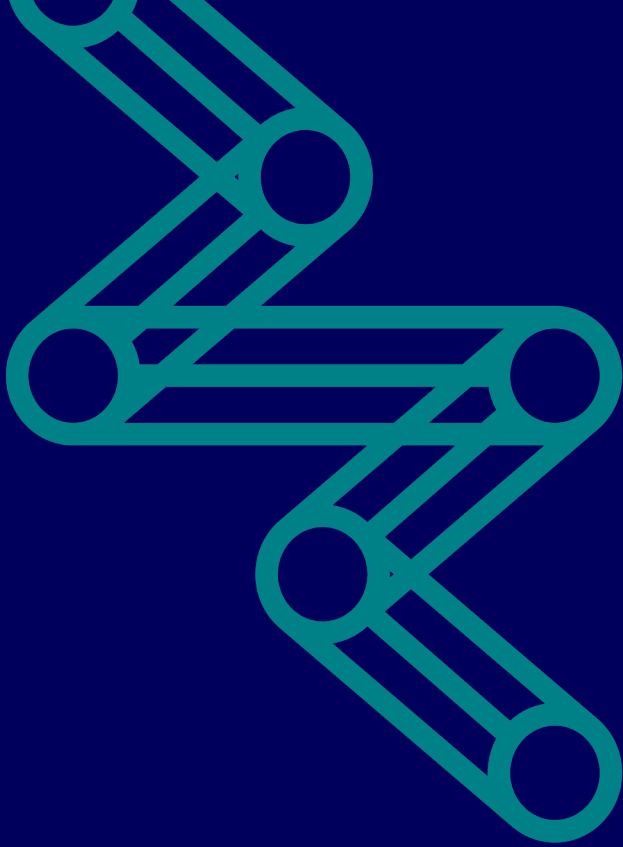


# GlobalConnect company integration

- Separate division to accelerate time to market
- Independant of other business units incl. Tech and prod.mgmt.
- Opportunity to re-invent processes and take chances
- Understand your integration points with legacy systems



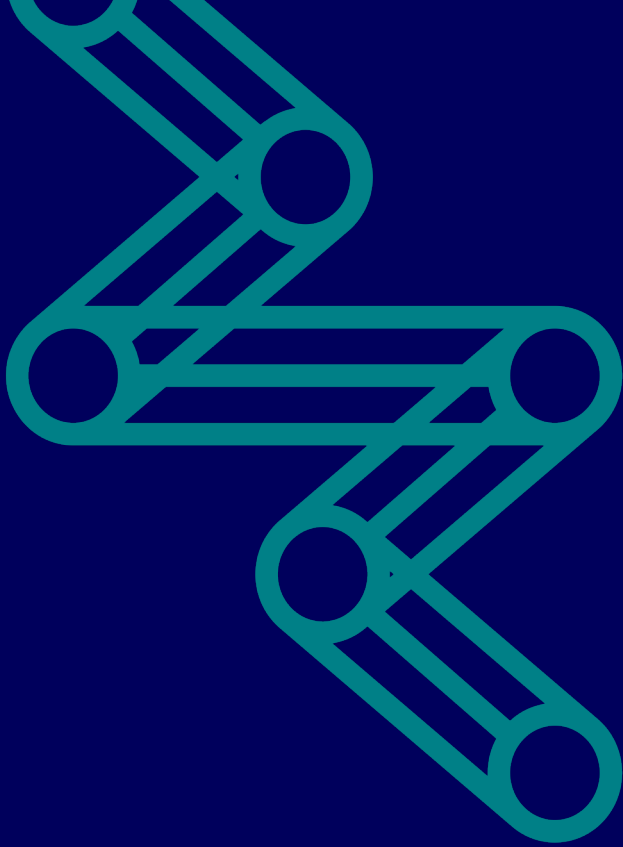




# GlobalConnect deployment

- Legacy WAN concepts/products on new bottles
  - Buzz creates confusing expectations
  - Limited documentation & knowledgebase
  - Demystify expectations and provide tangible results
  - Understand to separate the levels of complexity
    - Reminder to self: People will always understand technology on multiple levels!

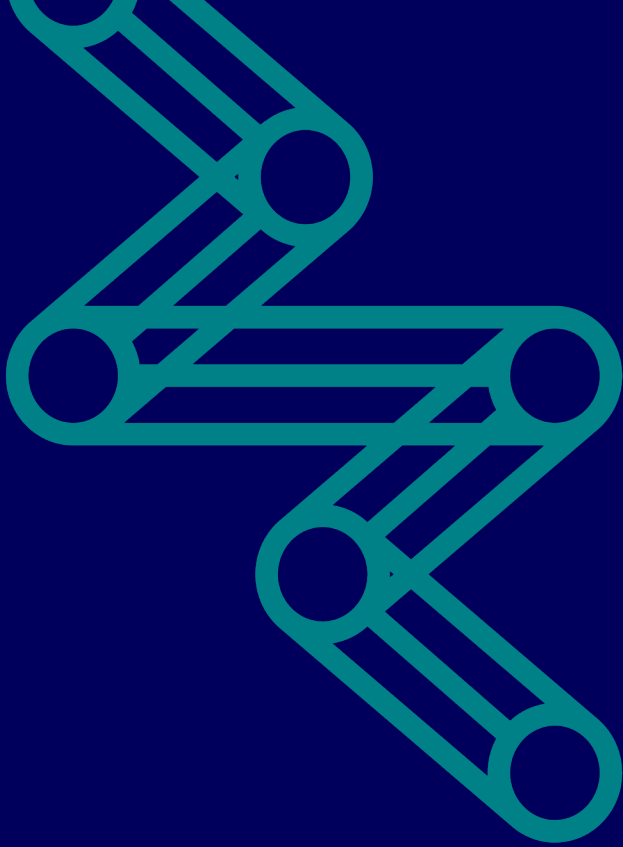




# GlobalConnect deployment

- Infrastructure is just Infrastructure
  - Datacenter: Physical & Virtual
    - Rack, Power, Hardware, Hypervisor
  - Network: Routing, Switching, Security
    - BGP, LACP, VLAN, NAT & Policies

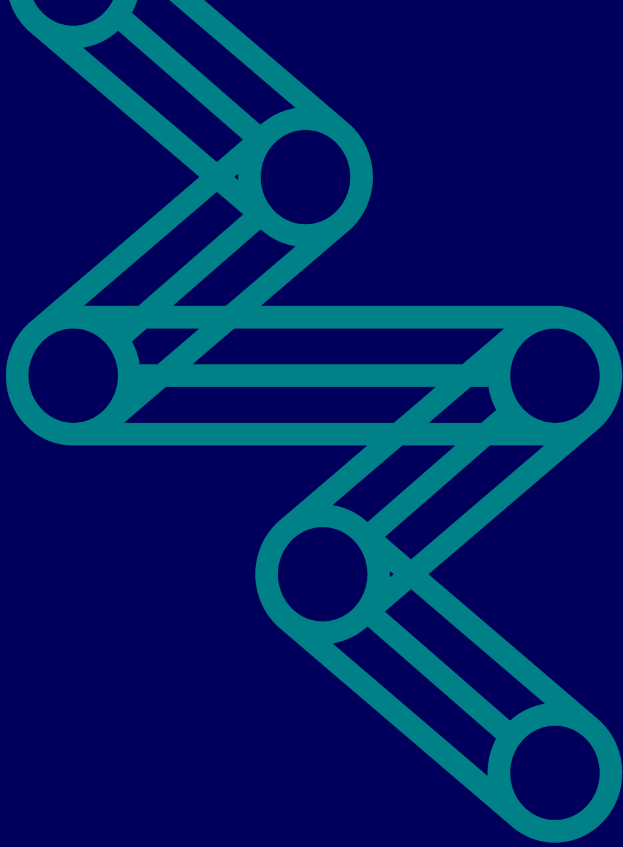




# GlobalConnect deployment

- The "Software Defined" WAN
  - Central Control-Plane / Local Data-plane
    - Management from controller
    - Decision power in the branch(CPE)
  - Tunnels, Tunnels, Tunnels
    - IKE, IPSEC, VTEP & SDWAN(Proprietary)
  - Automation
    - Multiple levels of automation
      - Frontend: GUI, API
      - Backend: Tunnels, Routing & MPLS
        - Endless routing instances
    - Understand the automation



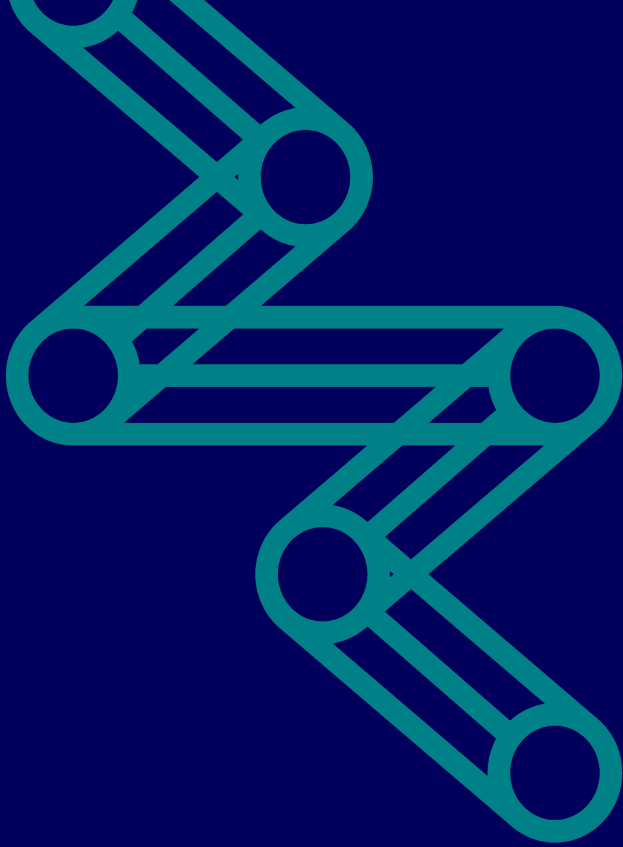


# GlobalConnect deployment

## Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP):

- Nothing is just plug-in-play
  - Existing logistics processes broken
  - Provisioning requires Authentication
    - Know your Serial Numbers!
  - Outsourcing manual tasks, is not ZTP
  - One-TP != ZTP
    - URL based
    - WiFi/BT based
- True efficient ZTP would require
  - DHCP (potentially through LTE link)
    - How-to-be underlay independent?
  - Global vendor managed pre-staging / staging
  - New internal processes

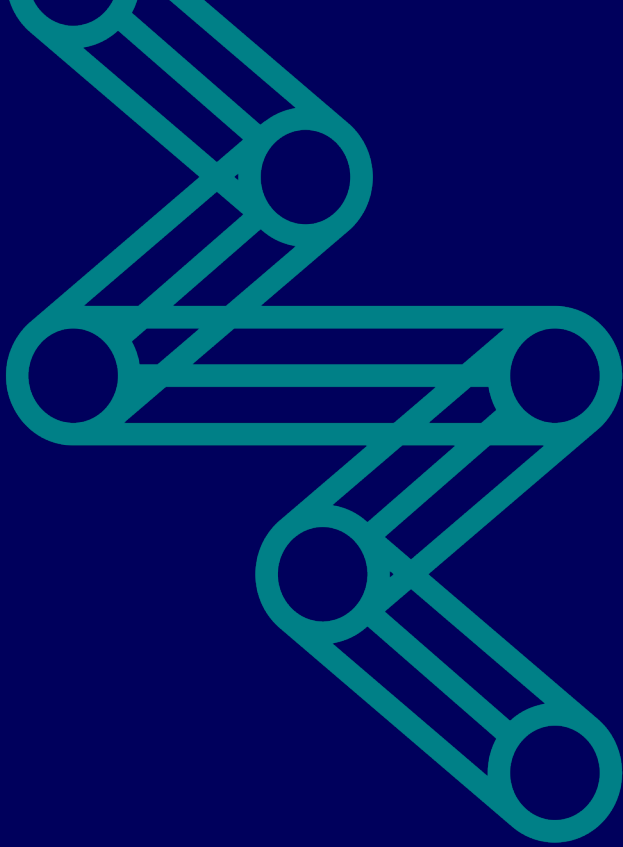




# GlobalConnect deployment

- New software, new possibilities
  - Feature complexity vs template simplicity
  - Hardware independent
    - Linux based software distribution
  - Applications & traffic steering
    - Quality of Service vs Quality of Experience
  - Security functions everywhere
    - NGFW, UTM – Yes, No, Maybe?
- Understand to limit yourself

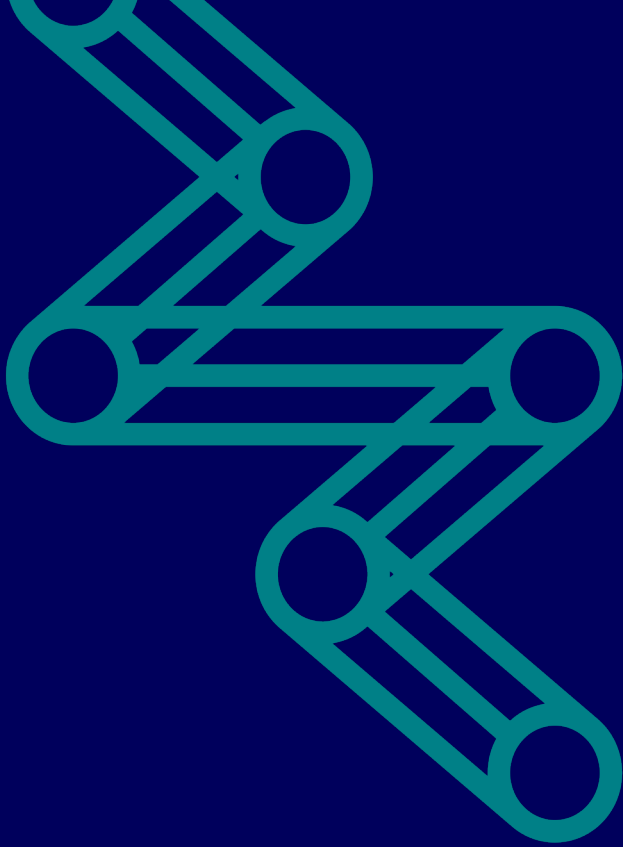




# Corona-bonus: The uCPE

- Reminding the schemes:
  - Branded
  - Certified 3rd party
  - DIY white label
- The software concepts:
  - Bare metal, hopefully full feature
  - Bare metal with limited hypervisor/orchestrator + select VNF's
  - True uCPE: Dedicated hypervisor/orchestrator + VNF's
- X86 (general purpose) + QAT (encryption acc.) + DPDK (packet fwd acc.)
- Mostly assembled and built upon source (Linux)



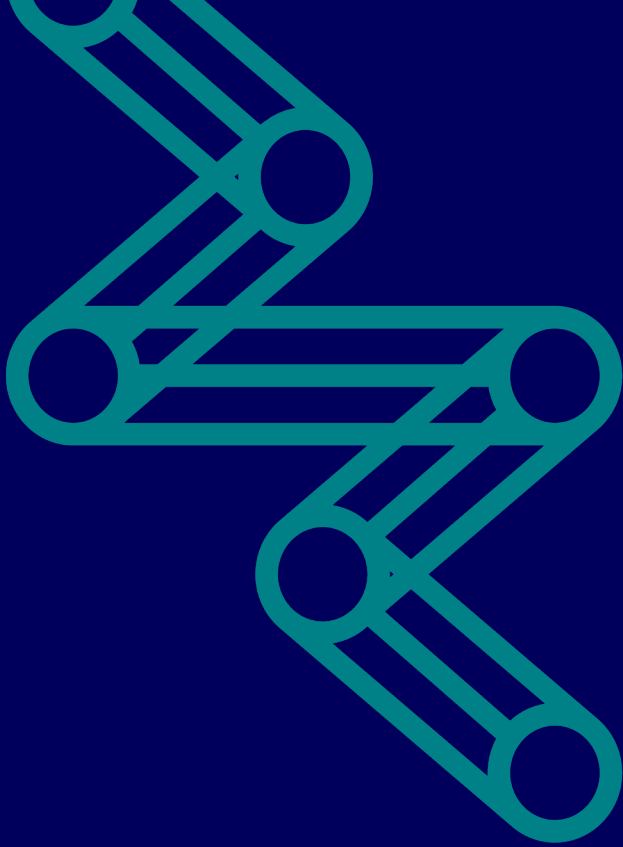


# Corona-bonus: The uCPE

The classic branch:

- Atom Rangeley C2XXX or Denverton C3XXX
- 2-8(-16) cores:
- 2-8 GB RAM
- 32-128 GB SSD:
  - UTM ~32-64 GB+
  - VNF's ~64-128 GB+
- ~2xSFP + 8 GbE: True uCPE: Any port can have any WAN/LAN purpose
- LTE CAT6+WiFi
- 4C C3XXX on Versa: 2,5G routing, 1,3G L7 FW, 800Mb VPN, 150Mb UTM, 100K sessions, 1K VPN's





# Corona-bonus: The uCPE

The mid-high end:

- Intel Xeon D D-21XXNT 2nd gen Skylake DE
- More RAM, SSD, ports

DC/Multi tenant class:

- Intel Xeon Gold Cascade Lake
  - N series to bypass speed/power scaling based latency fluctuations
- More RAM, SSD, ports

Vendors:

- Not so much classic network equipment vendors but more OEM PC
- E.g. Advantech, Caswell, Dell, Lanner, Jabil, Silicom



# Deciphering the buzz: Trying to succeed with SD-WAN IRL

